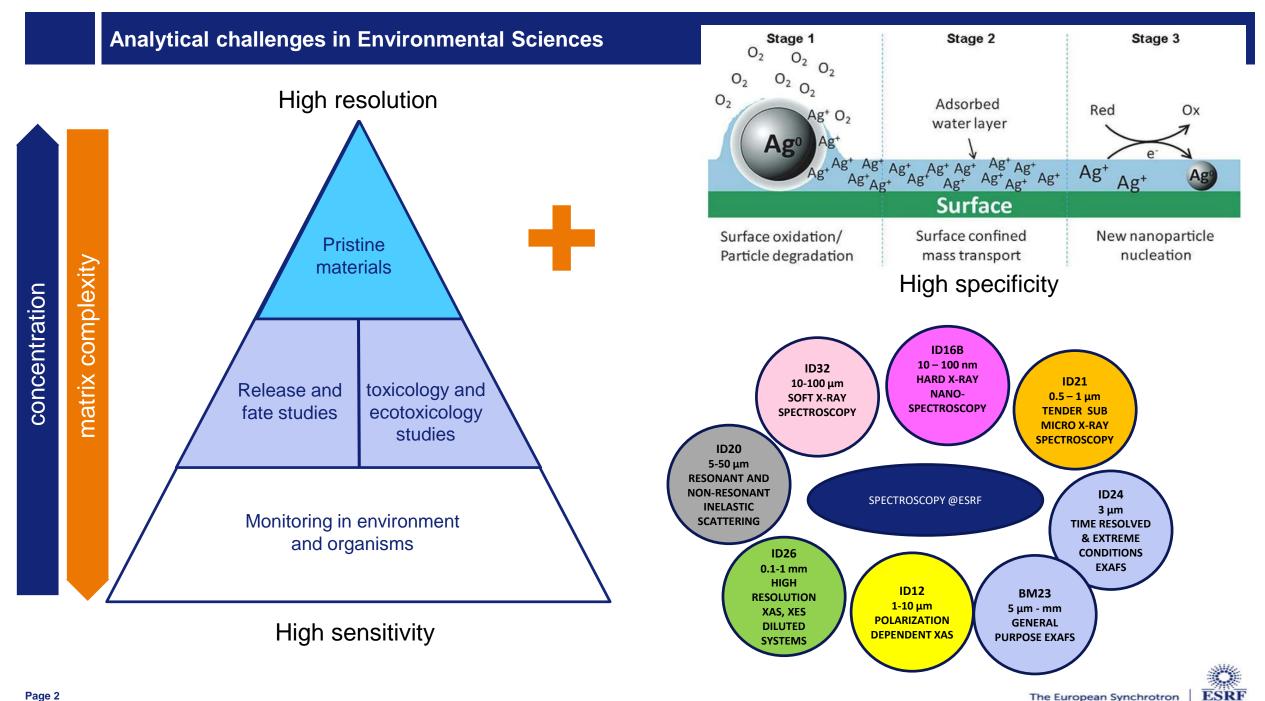
# X-ray microspectroscopy for life and environmental nanotoxicology

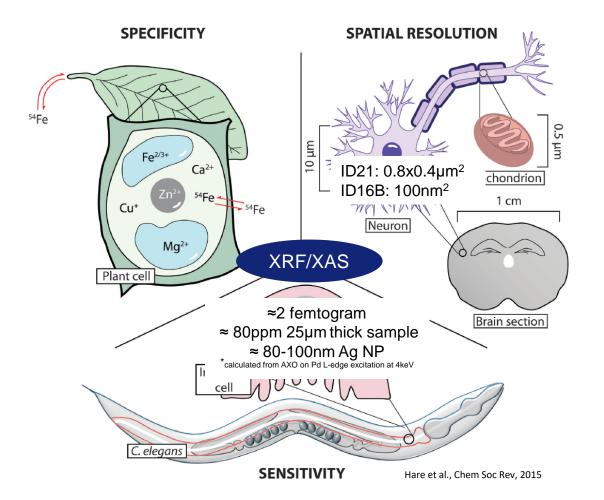
Hiram Castillo-Michel ID21 beamline scientist castillo@esrf.fr

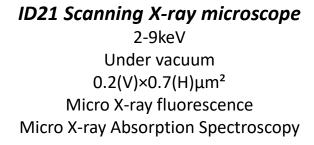


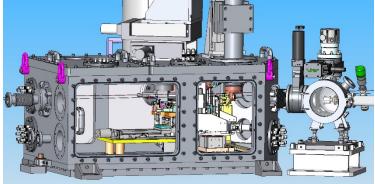
### Nano (eco) toxicology

"Inorganic engineered nanomaterials are consider a new sort of analytes"

- Imaging of metals and ENMs in biology is a balance of sensitivity, selectivity and spatial resolution.
- Disruption of the native chemical environment, through both sample preparation and during analysis, should be minimised.





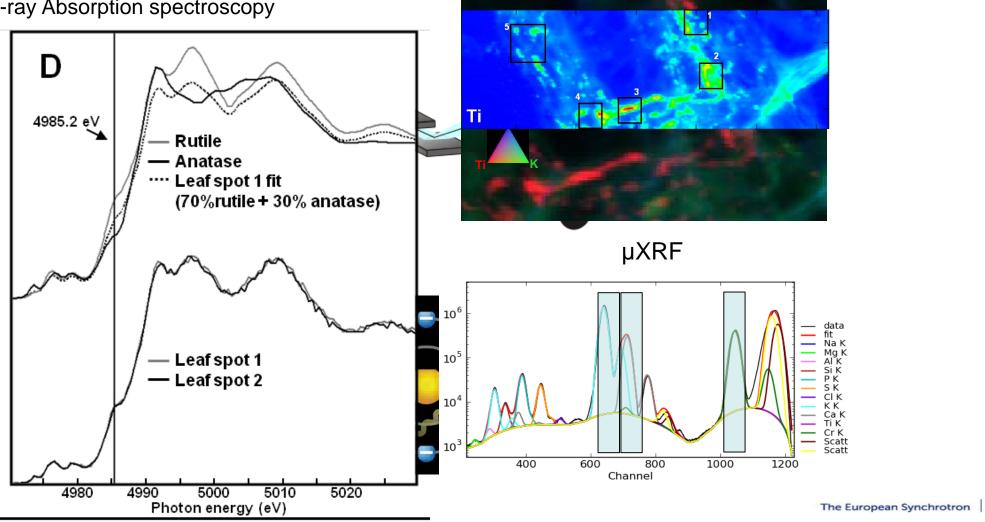




# Scanning X-ray microscope

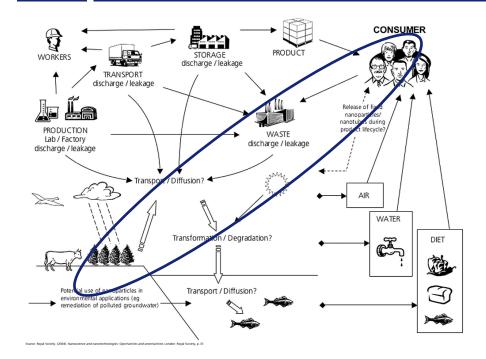
-Multielemental detection by X-ray Fluorescence

-Access to chemical state information using X-ray Absorption spectroscopy



ESRF

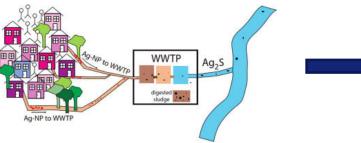
# Ag NPs: Environmental Fate and Impacts







Ag NPs Release from consumer products



90% retained in the sludge most likely

as Ag<sub>2</sub>S



In Europe 55% of this sewage sludge is applied on agricultural soils as a fertilizer

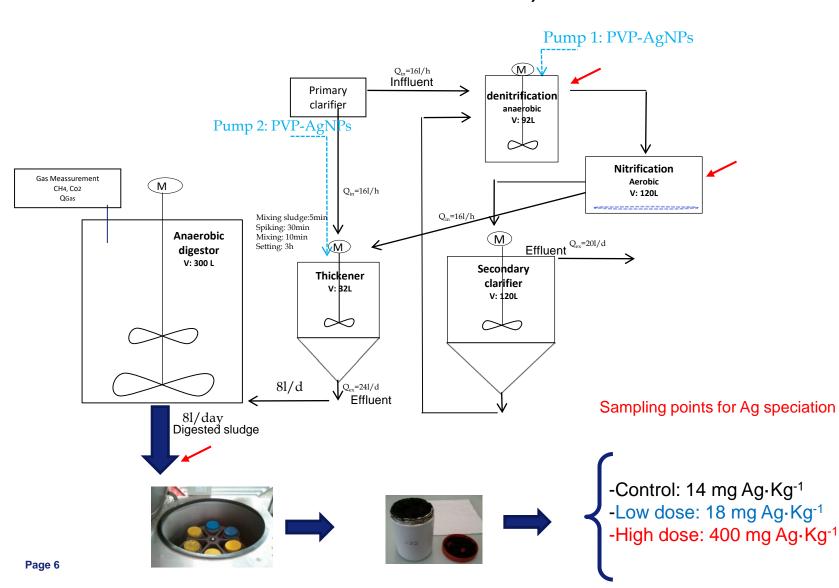


**PVP coated AgNPs** were continuously injected during 4 weeks into a pilot WWTP at **EAWAG (Dübendorf, Switzerland)** 





G. Sarret and A. Pradas del Real







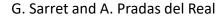
ESRF

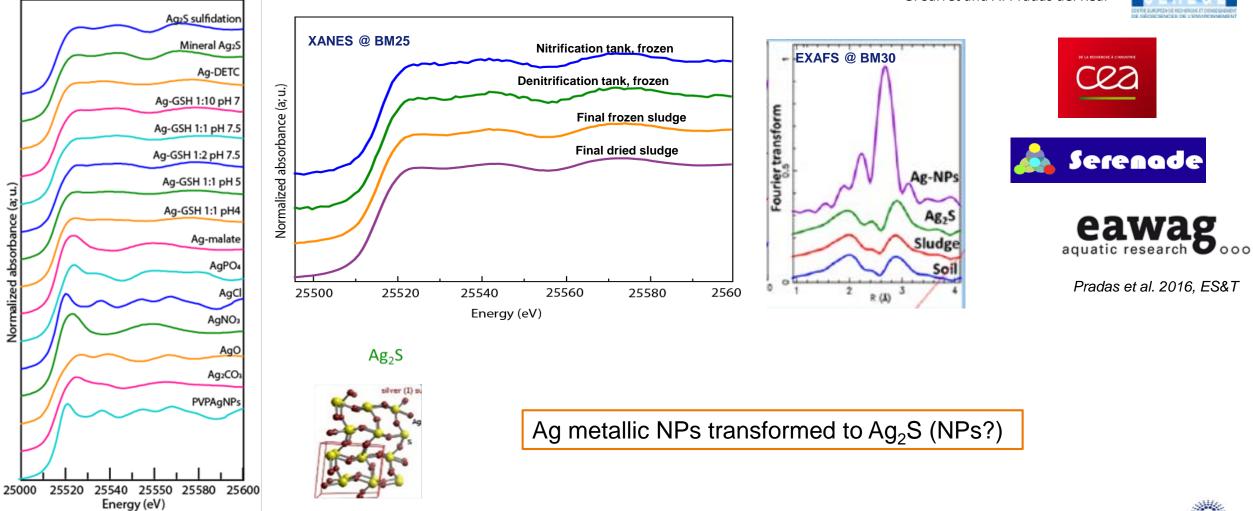
The European Synchrotron

Ag K-edge XAS analysis







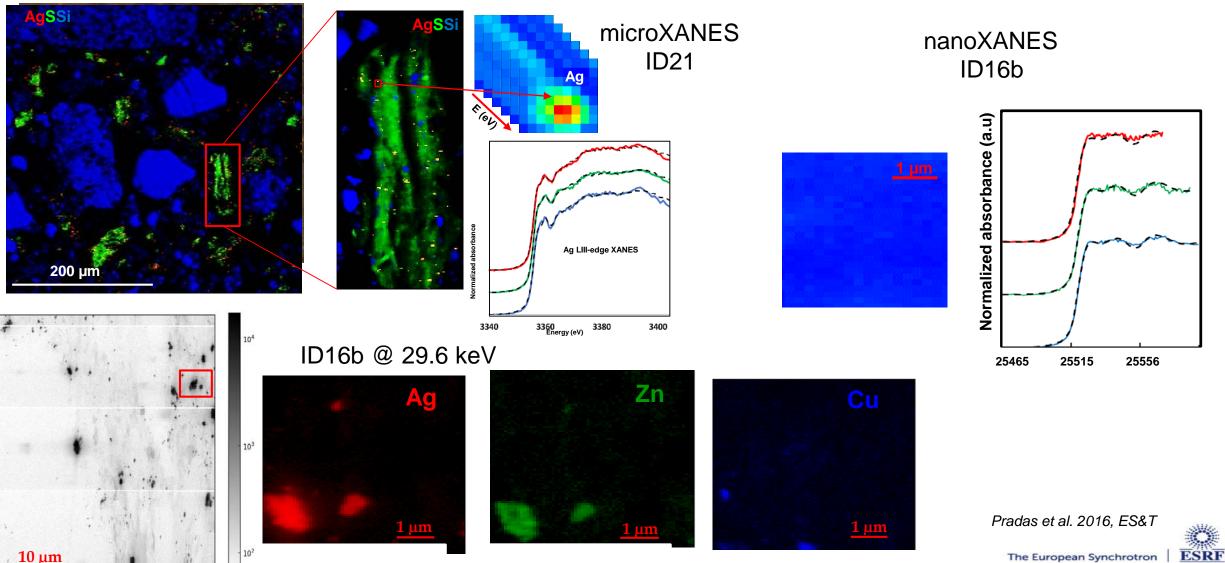


Page 7

The European Synchrotron ESRF

#### Ag NPs: Application of sludge in agricultural soils

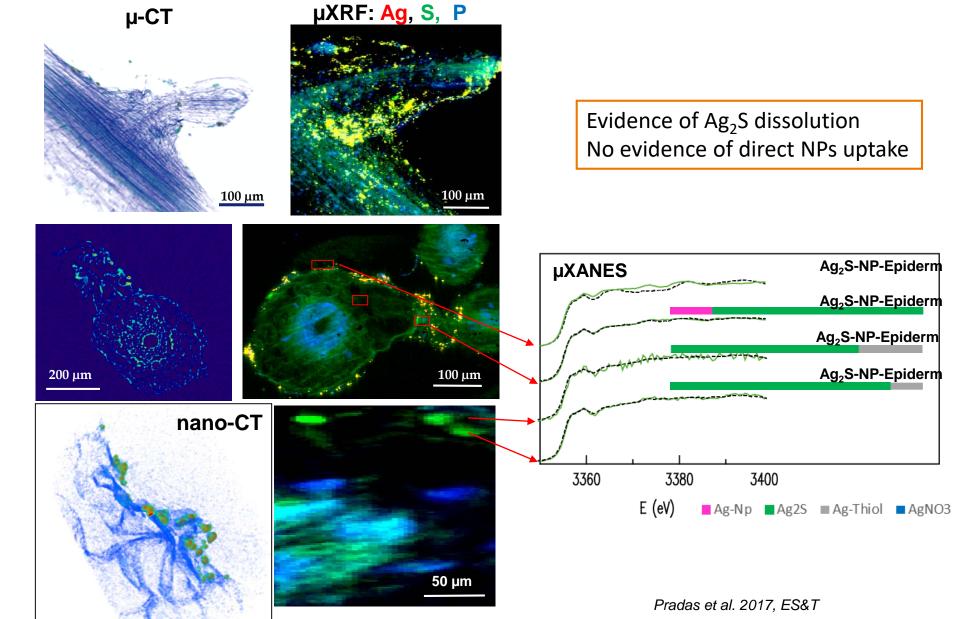
- Sludge obtained from a pilot waste water treatment
- Sludge mix with soil and used to grow plants
- Mix prepared as polished thin section analyzed at ID21 and ID16b



Ag<sub>2</sub>S NPs seem stable in wheat cultivated soils

#### Wheat plants exposed to Ag<sub>2</sub>S NPs

1<u>0 μm</u>



Evidence of Ag<sub>2</sub>S dissolution No evidence of direct NPs uptake

Ag<sub>2</sub>S-NP-Epiderm

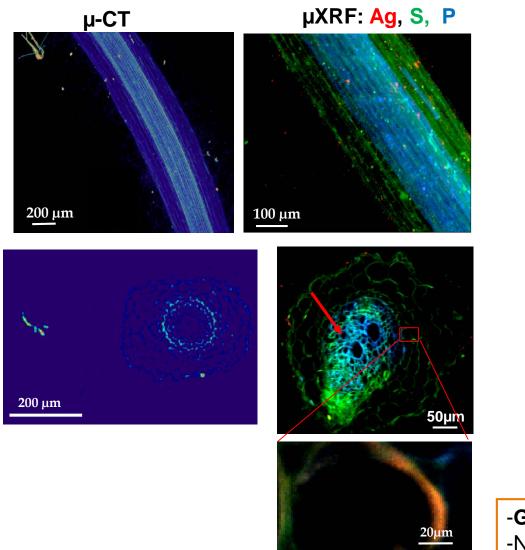
Ag<sub>2</sub>S-NP-Epiderm

Ag<sub>2</sub>S-NP-Epiderm

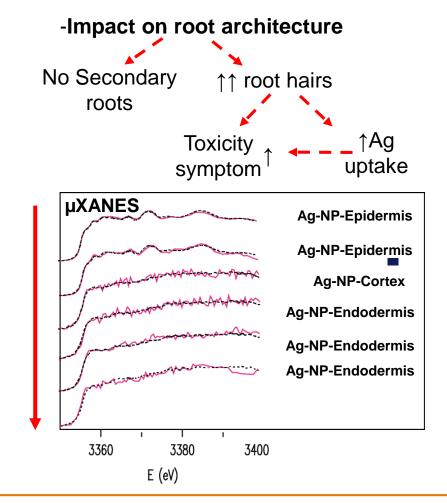
Ag<sub>2</sub>S-NP-Epiderm



#### Wheat plants exposed to Ag NPs



#### -Ag=>aggregates in the epidermis and in root hairs



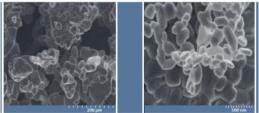
-Gradient: Oxidation/Dissolution in the epidermis=> chelation -No evidence of direct NPs uptake



#### Ti nanoparticles in sewage sludge

- Sludge from waste water treatment plants (WWTPs) ullet
- Excellent source of organic matter, N and P to crops ۲
- Is this a safe practice? •

#### **Occupational Exposure** to Titanium Dioxide



Potentially Carcinogenic breathing exposure

Mosh



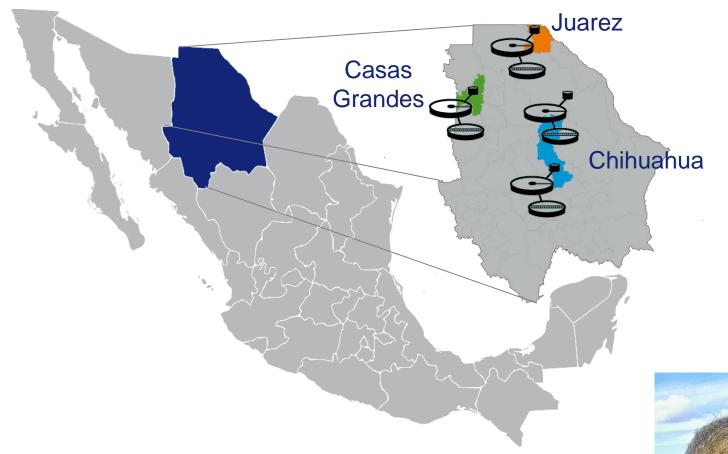


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Direct EXPOSURE Sludge **WWTPs** DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE enters for Disease Control and Prevention ional Institute for Occupational Safety and Crops Amend to soil Paints & Coatings Waste=food Food Industry Soil microorganisms NPs toxicity Plastics Nutrition Toothpaste & Cosmetics Sunscreen Governed by EU Council Directive No. 86/278/EEC:

It prescribes prior testing of sludge and soil not to exceed critical concentrations of pollutants (Cd, Pb, Cr, Hg, As,..) but not for Ti or nanomaterials.

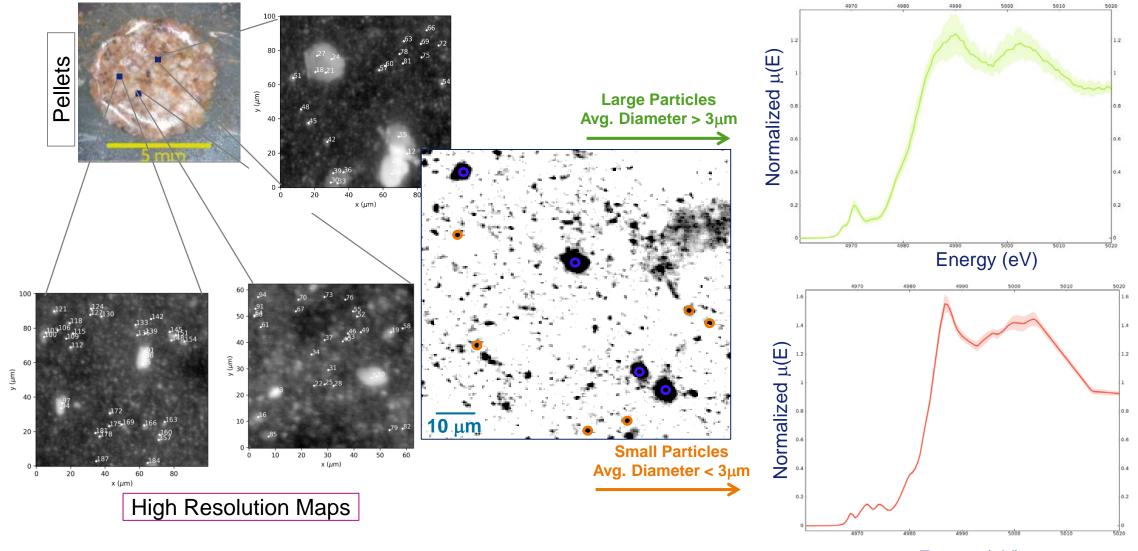
## Ti nanoparticles in sewage sludge



- WWTPs from Chihuahua state in Mexico
- 168 sampling points from Agricultural field amended with sewage sludge from Chihuahua WWTPs
- 2 Alfalfa plant samples (root, stem, leaf) from this site (pilot study)



#### Micro-XRF and micro-XANES



Energy (eV)



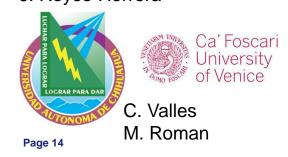
#### Ti nanoparticles in sewage sludge summary

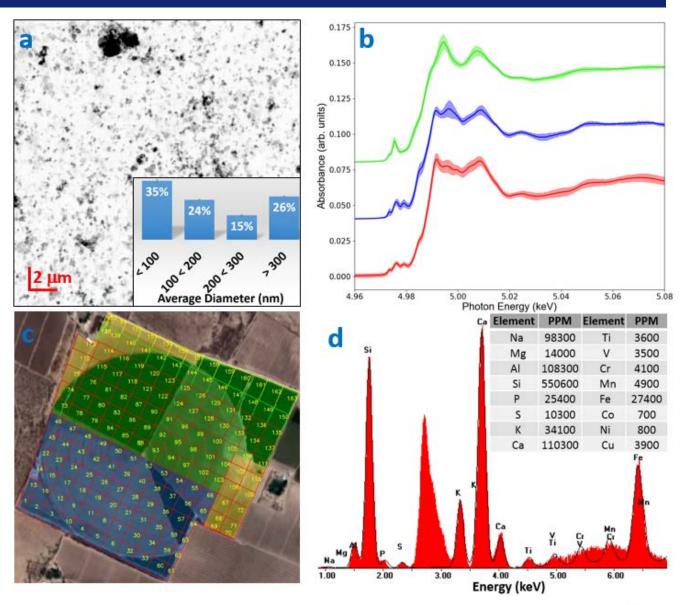
- Clear evidence of nanoscale Ti material was found in the sludge (including Cu and Zn).
- Three chemical species of titanium oxides have been found:
  - Anatase
  - Rutile
  - Ilmenite

□Investigate the impact on agricultural soils

1-3 consecutive years of applicationTi transfer to Alfalfa plants

H. Castillo-Michel J. Reyes-Herrera





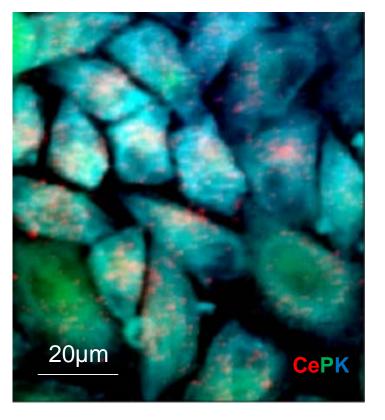


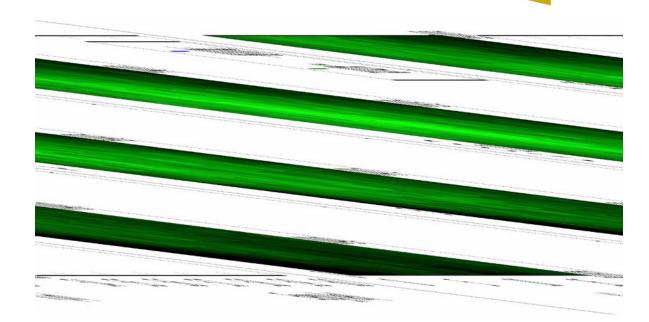
# Dependence of the Ce(III)/Ce(IV) ratio on intracellular localization in ceria nanoparticles internalized by human (HeLa) cells

Ferraro et al., Nanoscale 2017









CNPs incubated for 24 h showed a significant increase in Ce(III). Internalized CNPs accumulate in endolysosomes that promote the oxidation state change.

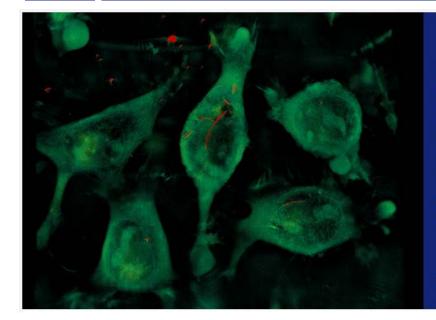


#### Safer by design approach

#### PNAS Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America

#### Crumpling of silver nanowires by endolysosomes strongly reduces toxicity

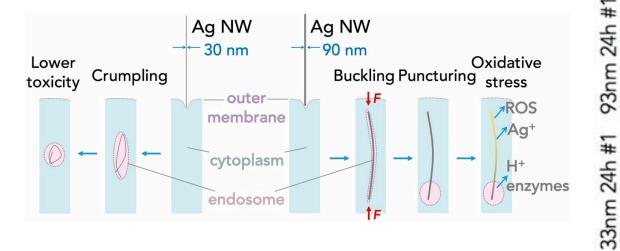
Sylvia G. Lehmann, Djadidi Toybou, Ana-Elena Pradas del Real, Devrah Arndt, Abderrahmane Tagmount, Muriel Viau, Malak Safi, <sup>©</sup> Alexandra Pacureanu, <sup>©</sup> Peter Cloetens, <sup>©</sup> Sylvian Bohic, Murielle Salomé, Hiram Castillo-Michel, <sup>©</sup> Brenda Omaña-Sanz, Annette Hofmann, Christopher Vulpe, Jean-Pierre Simonato, Caroline Celle, Laurent Charlet, and Benjamin Gilbert

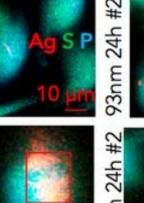


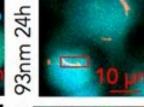
#### 10-07-2019

One of the weaknesses of smartphones is their rigid screen, which can easily crack when the phone drops on the floor. An international, interdisciplinary team of scientist have shown that very thin silver nanowires may be the safe solution to manufacturing flexible screens without losing properties. They publish their results in PNAS.

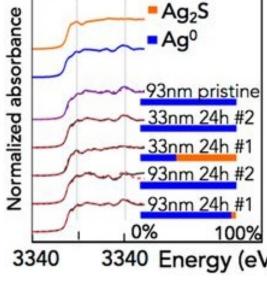
#### Share in У f





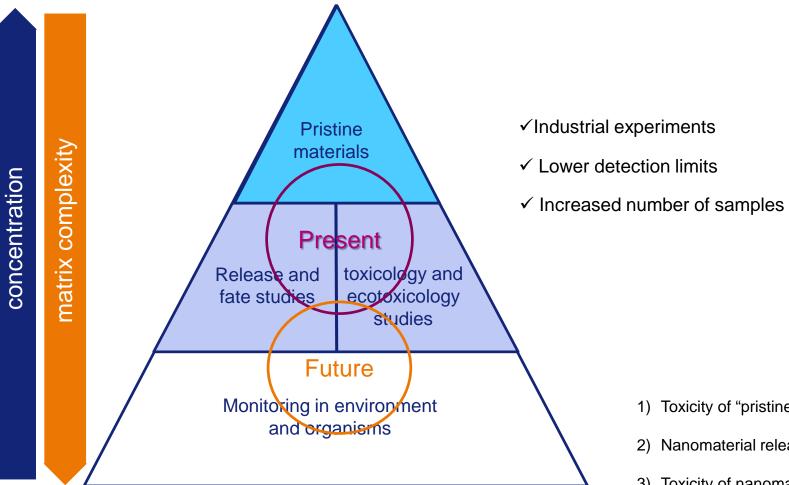






ESRF

#### Future of nano(eco)toxicology science at ESRF



- 1) Toxicity of "pristine" versus "aged" nanomaterials.
- 2) Nanomaterial release and exposure from commercially available nanoproducts.
- 3) Toxicity of nanomaterials after low-dose and long-term exposure.
- 4) Trophic transfer of nanomaterials.
- 5) Co-effects of nanomaterials with other existing contaminants.



### THE ID21 STAFF



## Thanks for your attention!







CBGP

**UPM-INIA** 

CENTRO DE BIOTECNOLOGIA Y GENÓMICA DE PLANTAS



Collaborators: M. Gonzalez-Guerrero, G. Sarret, C. Larue, M. Roman, K. Vogel-Mikus, A. Servin, J. Villanova, I. Schreiver, and many others

Support teams: B. Baker, R. Barrett, G. Berruyer, C. Cohen, C. Cornu, E. Gagliardini, R. Hino, J. Keiffer, J. Morse, M. Papillon, V. A. Solé, A. Vivo, L. Zang, and many others

