

Tools for the nanosafety users: The FORTH experience

Emmanuel Stratakis FORTH



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Nanomaterials Safety in EU



EU RESEARCH STRATEGY Nanotechnologies and Advanced Materials 2018 – 2020

Safe Nanotechnology

Research and Regulation

Dr. Georgios Katalagarianakis European Commission

Nanomaterials in the EU



Nanomaterials in the EU

Principles

- Framework for proper functioning of the internal market and a high level of protection of health and the environment
- > Science based, workable nanomaterial definition
- > State of the art risk assessment approaches
- Consistent application across pieces of legislations
- Ensuring proper enforcement
- > Transparency

Courtesy of Dr. G. Katalagarianakis





Research on Nanomaterials Safety: Is there sufficient hazard/exposure/risk to warrant changes in regulation at a European Level ???

If YES then "we should update regulations to make them suitable for nanomaterials."



EU nanosafety research policy basics



EU nanosafety research policy basics

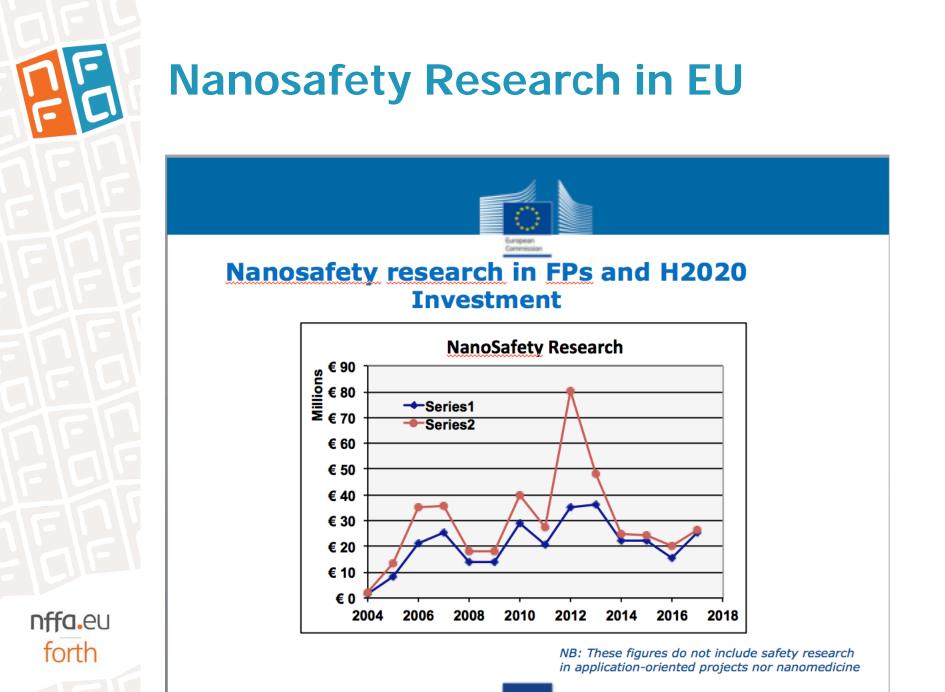
Policy: Nanotechnologies innovation can only succeed if all possible or perceived as possible risks are convincingly managed.

2004-2006: First efforts in nanosafety with 12 projects under FP6 **2007-2013:** Continuation with 48 projects under FP7 **2009:** EU nanosafety research policy actions shaped along the lines of:

- Completeness: All technical areas to be addressed: Hazard Exposure – Risk Assessment - Safe-by-Design
- Consistency: All safety management layers to be addressed: Science and technology – regulatory research – market
- Efficiency: Synergy with Member States and International cooperation
- Continuity: A challenge

2017: Efforts continue under H2020 with 12 projects until now.

³² Courtesy of Dr. G. Katalagarianakis



Courtesy of Dr. G. Katalagarianakis



Key initiative: Nanosafety Cluster

STRATEGIC DIRECTION ENHANCING SYNERGIES

A high profile platform for the coordination of nanosafety research in Europe

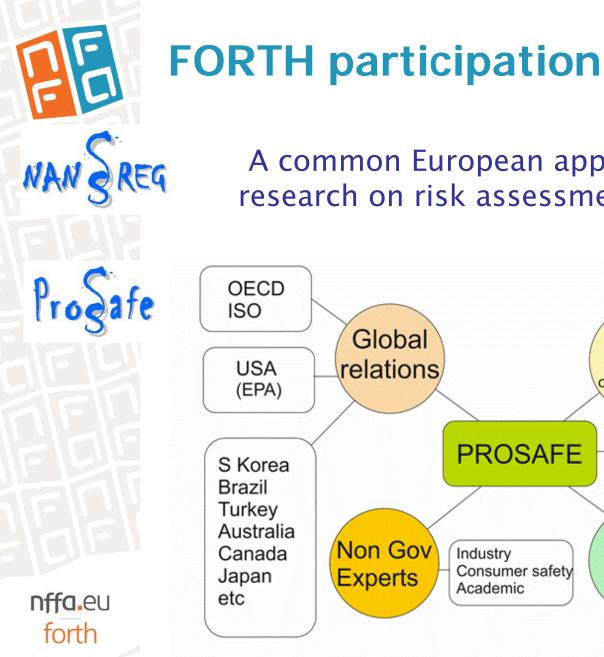


Providing strategic direction for the EU and member states

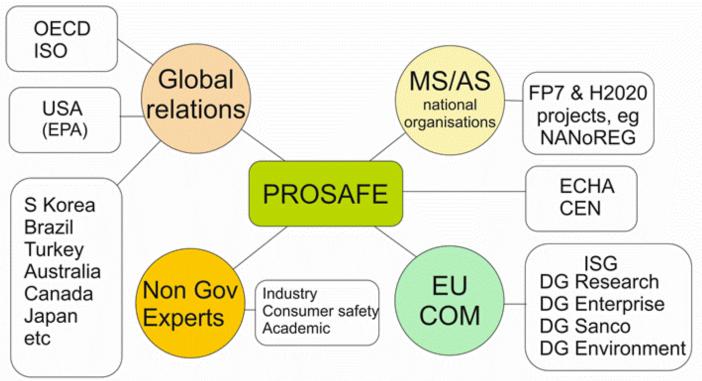




www.nanosafetycluster.eu

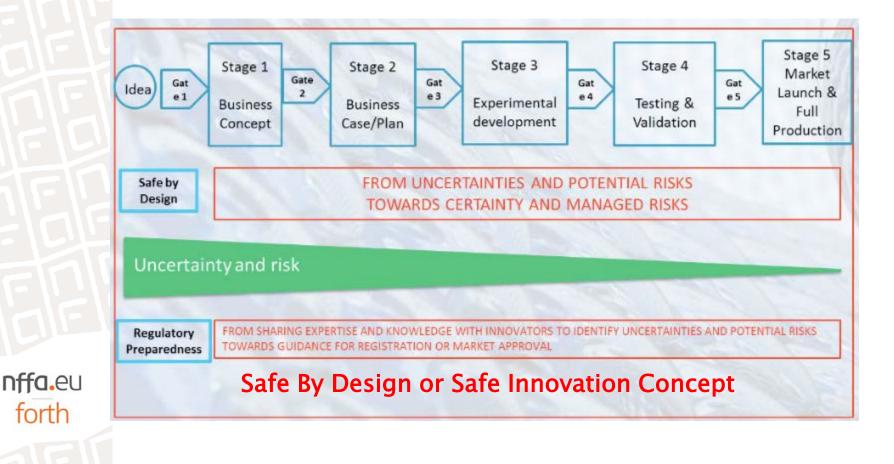


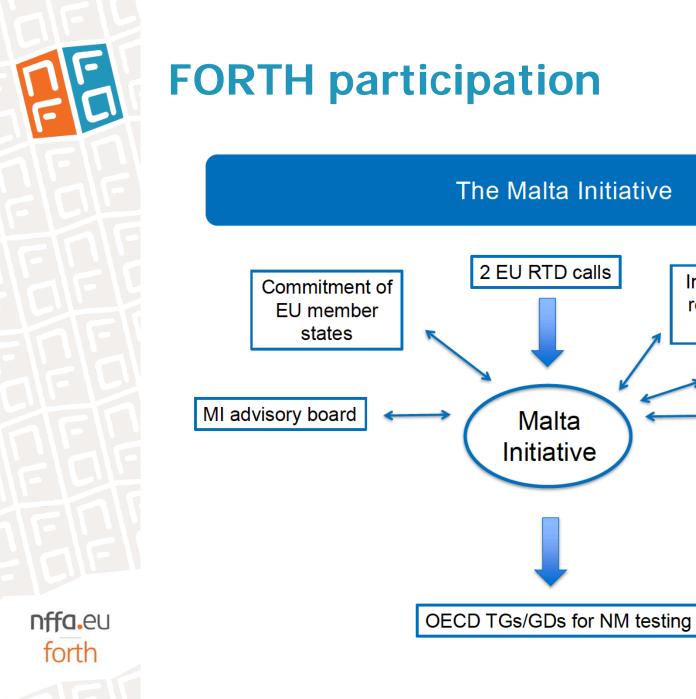
A common European approach to regulatory research on risk assessment of nanomaterials



FORTH participation

Nanoreg2 establish Safe By Design as a fundamental pillar in the validation of a novel manufactured material How to bring (high or unknown) risk back to acceptable level ?





EU Commission ECHA Members of MI - Researcher - Regulator - Industry - OECD repres. - MS repres. - JRC - ECHA

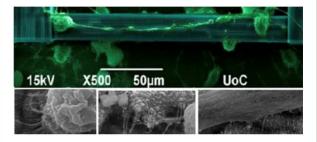
Input from current

research projects

NSC

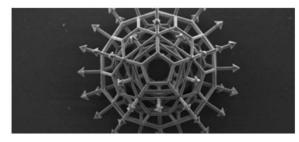
Nanosafety-related TNA Offer at NFFA-FORTH

SOFT MATTER PREPARATION



This service includes different chemical processing platforms to prepare nanomaterials or self-assembled systems: organic, hybrid organic-organic,organic-inorganic or biomolecule-organic systems, and biomaterial systems; under various forms, such as colloidal dispersions (nanovesicles, nanosuspensions, nanoliposomes...), solid micro- and nanoparticulate powders (crystalline solids,

TWO-PHOTON LITHOGRAPHY



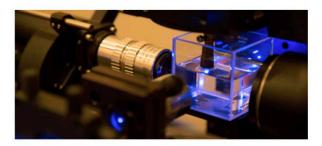
High resolution 2D and 3D structuring process of a photosensitive material by means of physical and chemical changes produced in the focusing area of an ultrashort pulse laser of sufficiently high light intensity. 2D resist mask-less patterns, or polymeric microparts with a 3D shape can be obtained by scanning the photoresist relative to the beam focus submicron. Features of a

LASER SURFACE AND IN-VOLUME PATTERNING



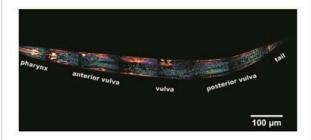
Laser patterning is a material independent technique for the controlled patterning of materials at the both the micro- and the nano- length scales. The technique offers the ability to directly write patterns on the surface as well as complex 3D channels into the bulk of solid materials, including biomaterials. Various

FLUORESCENCE MICROSCOPY HYBRID TOMOGRAPHIC AND LIGHT SHEET FLUORESCENCE MICROSCOPY



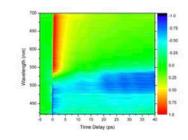
The hybrid Optical Projection Tomography and Selective Plane Illumination Microscopy (OPT-SPIM) is used to produce optical sectioning of molecular

LASER SCANNING CONFOCAL MICROSCOPY

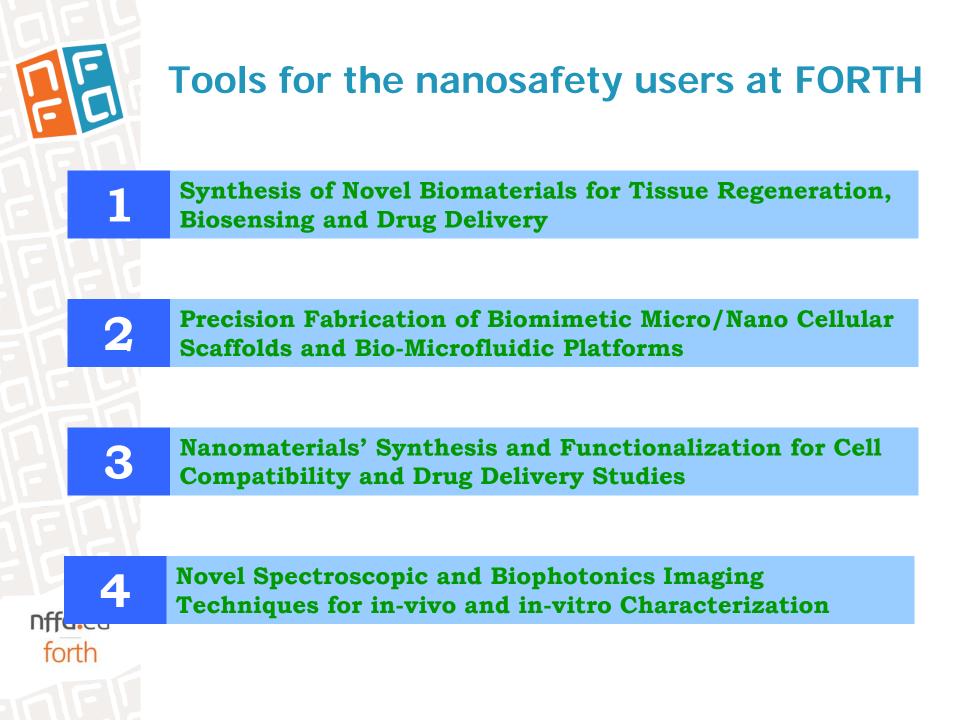


This technique has the mission of enabling researchers to visualise and to monitor cellular events in real time and in vivo down to the molecular level, enabling prolonged observations that are not possible with classic confocal microscopes and allowing unparalleled detail in soft matter imaging

PUMP-PROBE



The pump-probe spectroscopy infrastructure provides in-situ probes of the excited state of the matter, i.e. in the time/frequency domain at the fs-ps scales.



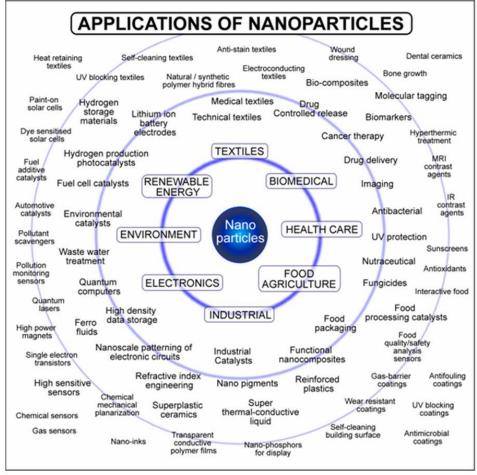


Potential TNA users

Main sectors of interest

- ♦ Industrial materials
- ♦ Food
- ♦ Cosmetics
- Insecticides / pesticides / fungicides
- ♦ Pharmaceuticals
- ♦ Medical devices
- ♦ Packaging
- ♦ Occupational safety and hygiene

nffa.eu forth



TSUZUKI, T. 2009. Commercial scale production of inorganic nanoparticles. *International Journal of Nanotechnology*, 6, 567-578.

TNA Proposals approved to date

2) NFFA ID 150 - Evaluation of cell internalization pathway, intracellular localization, genotoxic and immunotoxic effects of polymeric nanoparticles for targeted drug delivery

(Users: Simona Dimchevska & Nikola Geskovski, University SS Cyril and Methodius, North Macedonia)

The aim of this project is to reveal the self-assembled PLGA-PEG-PLGA and blended P(DLLA)CL/PEO-PPO-PEO drug loaded polymer (for targeted delivery to solid tumors) nanoparticle cellular uptake alongside with the genotoxic and immonotoxic profiles in order to design a system with built in safety and efficacy.



TNA Proposals approved to date

2) NFFA ID 298 - Characterisation of nanostructured luminescent textiles and their interaction with biological targets (User: Ilaria Zanoni, University of Trieste & ISTEC-CNR, Italy)

The present proposal will support physicochemical characterization requested for the development of luminescent textile coating based on Ir complex encapsulated within SiO2 matrix nanophases (Ir@SiO2). Our final goal is to correlate physicochemical properties of designed coatings to their biological activity both in terms of desired performances (self-markers nanophases, antibacterial activity) and of potentially adverse effects for human health.

2 Publications:



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NJC

PAPER



View Article Online view Journal | View Issue



Cite this: New J. Chem., 2018, 42, 9635

Encapsulation of cationic iridium(III) tetrazole complexes into a silica matrix: synthesis, characterization and optical properties†

Ilaria Zanoni, (1)^a Valentina Fiorini, (1)^b Marcos Rosado, ^c Belén Ballesteros, (1)^c Maria Androulidaki, ^d Magda Blosi, (1)^a Simona Ortelli, (1)^a Stefano Stagni, (1)^b Michele Dondi (1)^a and Anna Luisa Costa (1)^{*}

Use of cotton textiles coated by Ir(III) tetrazole complexes within ceramic silica nanophases for photo-induced self-marker and antibacterial application

Ilaria Zanoni^{a,b}, Magda Blosi^a, Valentina Fiorini^c, Matteo Crosera^d, Simona Ortelli^a, Stefano Stagni^c, Alessandra Stefan^{ef}, Sotiris Psilodimitrakopoulos^g, Emmanuel Stratakis^{g,h}, Francesca Larese Filon^b, Anna Luisa Costa^a

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^g Institute of Electronic Structure and Laser, Foundation for Research and Technology-Hellas, N. Plastira 100, 70013, Heraklion, Crete, Greece.

TNA Proposals approved to date

3) NFFA ID 298 - Characterisation of nanostructured luminescent textiles and their interaction with biological targets (User: Christina Isaxon, Nanosafety Lund, Sweden)

The main purpose od this project is to study different methods/systems of cell exposure and to characterize cellular stress responses and phenotypical/functional changes in the cell models induced by the nano material exposure.

Pending access to FORTH and SOLEIL ...



Conclusions

There is plenty of room for potential NFFA Users in the Nanosafety sector

 NFFA has aleady gained experience on providing TNA to nanosafety Users

There is a clear need to identify and harmonize common nanosafety protocols and practices as well as to define guidelines within the NFFA. The NFFA nanosafety project is the tool to set this basis.



Nanosafety is there !

Since we cannot change reality, let us change the eyes which see reality. Nikos Kazantzakis







Thank you

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